HUNTER COLLEGE - CUNY DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY GEOG 30604/70503 - NATURE OF NEW YORK

EXAM 1: 15% of final grade Friday, March 16, 2018

Review:

- 1. PowerPoint Lecture slides from Home Page: Intro to Population
- 2. Class notes
- 3. Handouts from Home Page
- 4. Maps from Home Page and in NYGA Atlas
- 5. Adopt a County, Watersheds and Population exercises

Readings:

- 1. The Nature of New York: An Environmental History of the Empire State. Introduction to book
- 2. New York State: Peoples, Places and Priorities. Introduction to book
- 3. Internet Readings Site see R on the Course Home Page and those highlighted on the lecture slides.
- 4. Geology of New York A Simplified Account

Chapter 1 Introduction, pp. 3-4

Chapter 2 Geologic Time, pp. 5 and 8

Chapter 3 Plate Tectonic History, p. 11 Summary

Chapter 4 Adirondacks, pp. 23-25, 28-29 (mid), 37-38, 42

Chapter 5 Hudson Highlands and Manhattan Prong, pp. 45-51

Chapter 6 Hudson Lowlands and Taconics, p. 53-54 top Summary & Description

Chapter 7 Northern Lowlands and the Tug Hill Plateau, p. 67-68 Summary

Chapter 8 Allegheny Plateau, pp. 101-104 top; plants and animals, 126-129

Chapter 9 Newark Lowlands, pp.139-44

Chapter 10 Coastal area, pp. 149-50.

Chapter 11 Tertiary Period, p. 157 -159

Chapter 12 Glaciation, pp. 161-81.

Chapter 13 Glacial Features, pp. 185-193

Chapter 14 Holocene Epoch - the present, p. 195-198

Chapter 16 Hydrogeology, pp. 225-30

NOTE: There is a **glossary** at the end of the book.

EXAM FORMAT:

The midterm exam will have two parts:

Part 1 is a take-home question due on March 16.

Part 2 is the **in-class portion** consisting of a map-based multiple-choice question format section and an essay section where you will write on three topics from a choice of five.

- √ 45%: Take-home comparative regional geography of your three counties. This
 organized and researched paper will focus on each county's characteristics including geologic setting, effect of glaciation, climate influences, water resources/quality
 issues and population distribution/issues. Be sure to include appropriate maps, including a county locator map and a bibliography.
- ✓ 25%: In-class map-based multiple-choice questions (see place name and definition lists on next page).
- √ 30%: In-class written response to three questions about major topics such as the six listed below. Note definition/terminology list on the next page.
 - 1. Aspects of weather, climate development and climate change in NYS.

- 2. Glacial processes and the effects of glaciation statewide.
- **3.** Comparison of physiographic regions (review chart)
- **4.** Paleogeography of NYS that has created the present-day landscape.
- **5.** Water resources and water quality issues as drainage basins, rivers and lakes, fracking, Long Island groundwater, and NYC water supply.
- **6.** Population issues affecting NYS as distribution, aging, health, employment and social services

Place Name List for map questions:

Adirondacks
Allegheny Plateau
Allegheny River
Atlantic Coastal Plain
Appalachian Uplands
Atlantic Ocean
Black River
Canada
Catskills
Chautauqua Lake
Connecticut
Delaware River
Frie-Ontario Lowlands

J	questions:
	Genesee River
	Hudson River
	Lake Cayuga
	Lake Champlain
	Lake Erie
	Lake George
	Lake Keuka
	Lake Oneida
	Lake Ontario
	Lake Seneca
	Long Island
	Long Island Sound
	Lower New York Bay

Manhattan Island
Massachusetts
Mohawk River
New England Uplands
New Jersey
Niagara River
Ontario Province
Oswego River
Pennsylvania
Quebec Province
Richelieu River
St. Lawrence River
<u> </u>

Staten Island
Susquehanna River
The Finger Lakes
Thousand Islands
Tonawanda Creek
Triassic (Newark) Lowlands
Tug Hill Plateau
Upper N Y Bay
Vermont
Wallkill River

Definitions and terminology:

acid precipitation
Adirondack dome
aging population
air mass
alluvial plain
aquifer
arête
barrier island
bedrock
biosphere
Canadian Shield
cap rock
Catskill Delta
cirque
climate
coastal zone
cone of depression
continental ice sheet
demography
disease tracking
drainage basin
drumlin
erratic

escarpment (scarp)
esker
estuary
fault
floodplain
Frontenac Arch
geologic processes
geologic province
glacial drift
glacial lake
glaciation
glacier
groundwater
hanging valley
headwaters
hydraulic fracturing (fracking)
hydrogeology
hydrology
Ice Age
ice front
igneous rock
inland sea
interglacial period

kame
kettle
kettle lake
lake-effect snow
lobe
Marcellus Shale
melt water
metamorphic rock
microclimate
moraine
mountain glacier
orographic precipitation
outwash
paleogeography
physiographic province (or region)
population corridor
population pyramid
rain shadow
recessional moraine
recharge zone
region
runoff

sedimentary rock
sill
storm surge
surface water
surficial deposits
terminal moraine
till
topography
Utica Shale
U-shaped valley
V-shaped valley
vital statistics
waterfront
- public
- developed
- working
- natural
water table
weather
Wisconsin Stage