

## Population, Aging and Health

Exercise 14 (required) focuses on population issues.

Due on November 26, 2012


## DEFINITIONS

- Population Geography studies the location, numbers, well-being (health \& nutrition) and movements of people in relation to the elements of the physical environment.
- Demography is the statistical study of a population.


## NYS Population

Change 1910-2010

|  | Census | Population | People/sq mi |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - | 1910 | $9,113,614$ | 193.4 |
| - | 1920 | $10,385,227$ | 222.4 |
| - | 1930 | $12,588,066$ | 267.1 |
| - | 1940 | $13,479,142$ | 286.0 |
| - | 1950 | $14,830,192$ | 314.7 |
| - | 1960 | $16,782,304$ | 356.1 |
| - | 1970 | $18,236,967$ | 387.0 |
| - | 1980 | $17,558,072$ | 372.6 |
| - | 1990 | $17,990,455$ | 381.7 |
| - | 2000 | $18,976,457$ | 402.7 |
|  |  | $19,378,102$ | 411.2 |
|  |  |  |  |

## NYS compared to USA

US Census Quick Facts

|  | New York | USA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Population, 2010 | 19,378,102 | 308,745,538 |
| - Population, percent change, 2000 to 2010 | 2.1\% | 9.7\% |
| - Population, 2000 | 18,976,457 | 281,421,906 |
| - Persons under 5 years | 6.0\% | 6.5\% |
| - Persons under 18 years | 22.3\% | 24.0\% |
| - Persons 65 years and over | 13.5\% | 13.0\% |
| - Female persons | 51.6\% | 50.8\% |
| - White persons | 65.7\% | 72.4\% |
| - Black persons | 15.9\% | 12.6\% |
| - American Indian/Alaska Native | 0.6\% | 0.9\% |
| - Asian persons | 7.3\% | 4.8\% |
| - Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander | 0.0\% | 0.2\% |
| - Persons reporting 2 or more races | 3.0\% | 2.9\% |
| - Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin | 17.6\% | 16.3\% |
| - White persons not Hispanic | 58.3\% | 63.7\% |

## 2010 NYS Numbers

USA $\quad \mathbf{3 0 9}$ million people

1. California $=37.3 \mathrm{mil}(12 \%)$
2. Texas $\quad=25.1$ mil ( $8 \%$ )
>> Ranks $3^{\text {rd }}$ with 19.4 mil people $(6 \%) \ll$
3. Florida $\quad=18.8 \mathrm{mil}$


## Tracking Change

Population geographers/demographers use census data and annual estimates to try to maintain a handle on an area's population.

- Detailed census reports gives us information that allow officials to plan.
EXAMPLE: Age issues/ health issues/ employment issues/ locating new facilities.
- NY Times interactive map of 2010 census data shows changes over the last 10 years:
http://projects.nytimes.com/census/2010/map


## Percent Change in Population




## Aging Population Issues

- How many people in these groups?
- Where are they located?
- What services do they need?
>>Jobs, Social services, Recreational facilities, Nutrition programs, poverty issues, long term care
>>Geriatric care vs. Pediatric care
>>Health care vs. K-12 education
>>Older driver safety vs. Teen driver's education >>Adult day care vs. Pre-school day care
- Where are the services currently located? But, where should they be located?


## Health Issues

- Each group of people have particular health needs (children/middle age/seniors)
- Once the people have been identified and located, then their needs can be addressed. But, where can they get the care and services they need for their illness?
- What is the spatial relationship in NYS between a patient's location and the location of appropriate health care facilities?


- http://quickfacts.census.gov/qfd/states/36000.html NYS
- http://quickfacts.census.gov/gfd/states/36/36001.htm

Albany county (similar links exist for all counties)

- http://pad.human.cornell.edu/ Cornell Univ. demographic center
- http://pad.human.cornell.edu/counties/index.cfm county data


## Some additional links

